



- In the case of Saitama Univ., a mid-sized national university -





Fast Facts of Saitama University (SU)

Founded in 1949



Ceremony for Foundation (Nov. 1949)



Faculty of Literature & Science



Faculty of Education

2016: 67 years old

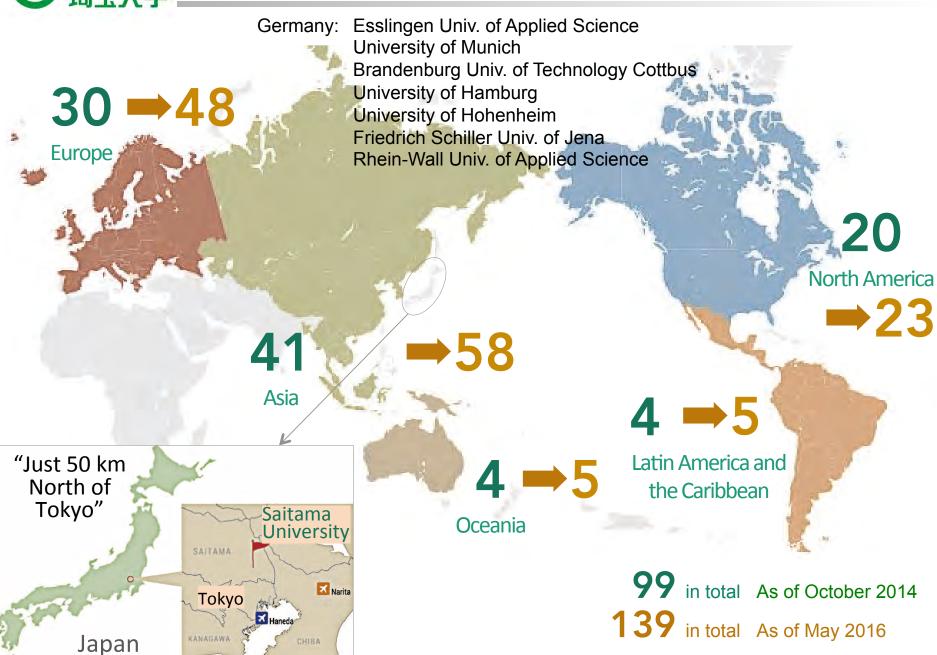


As of May 2016

Undergraduate	Student Graduate School	Student		Exchange Student	Total No.	Faculty	Staff	
	Student	Graduate School	Master	Doctor	Etc.	Student	i acuity	Stair
Liberal Arts	847 23	Humanities &	179	73		2,572	102	
Economics	1,473 42	Social Science	87	9		161	17	
Education	1,974 7	Education	144 9	-		2,118 16	108 0	
Science	902 19	Science &	843	174		3,894	227	
Engineering	1,975 56	Engineering	98	98		271	14	
Others (Education Bureau, Research & Development Bureau)				126 104	126 104	34 8		
Total	7,171 147		1,166 194	247 107	126 104	8,710 <u>552</u>	471 39	224 0

Number (included in Number): International Student, Faculty and Staff

International Partnerships with SU



Issue No.1

How can universities in Germany and Japan react to current societal demands while at the same time safeguarding the true mission of universities?

Missions of and Societal Demands to National Universities in Japan

- 86 National Universities in Japan since 2004 Incorporation Globalization, Innovation University reform, Functional enhancement
- National University Management Strategy (2016~)

To maximize the creation function of intellect as an engine of social reform
International (Global), National, Regional, Specific field

Way of Achieving True Mission and Reacting Societal Demand

In the Case of Saitama University

COE in Specific Fields of Studies: Strengthening of Research & Education Functions
Regional R/D & Education Center Importance of Int. Cooperation



National Universities in Japan since 2004 Incorporation

Objectives of Incorporation

- · Activation of national univs. In self-directive environment
- Promotion of active actions for good education and unique research
- To realize more attractive national universities

The 1st Period of Medium-**Term Goals** (2004 - 2009)

Start-up period of national univ. corporation system

Start of the **National University** Corporation

Changes of Environment

- Globalization
- Aging society with child birthrate falling
- Competition intensification by the rise of emerging countries

The 2nd Period of **Medium-Term Goals**

(2010 - 2015)

Concept for further

functional enhancement

(June 2013)

of national universities

Implementation of full-scale university reform utilizing merits of incorporation

Period to accelerate univ. reforms

Globalization, Creation of Innovation, flexibility in personnel/ payroll system

National University Reform Plan (Nov 2013)

Creation of system for selfdirective advancement

The 3rd Period of **Medium-Term Goals** (2016 -)

Toward national universities producing high added values with sustained competitiveness

National University Management Strategy

To maximize the creation function of intellect as an engine of social reform

The 2004 academic year The 2010 academic year The 2013 academic year (April 2004) (April 2010)

(April 2013)

The 2016 academic year (April 2016)



Actions of SU

Base reinforcement as an intellectual institution

2013 National University Reform **Project**

Redefinition

of Missions

Reform of Saitama Univ. by reorganization/corporation of schools - Extensive enhancement of research and education functions (2013-2018)

Self-branding as Saitama University

Saitama University, All in One Campus at Capital Sphere, Saitama - Embodiment of Diversity, Synergy and Integration (2016-2022)

2016 Budgetary request for functional enhancement



National University Management Strategy

1. Promotion of functional enhancement based on future vision of university

A framework of 3 Priority Supports is introduced in the national budget allocation to carefully support a functional enhancement action of each national university. In this way, national universities are converted into the organizations performing the development of frontier research areas and the human resource cultivation depending on regional needs.

Priority Support 1

Promotion of HRD and research depending on regional needs

55 national universities

THE World University Ranking 601–800: Saitama U. Yokohama National U, Niigata U, Shinshu U, Gifu U, Toyohashi U of Tech, Tottori U, Tokushima U, Ehime U, Nagasaki U, Kumamoto U

Priority Support 2

Promotion of establishment of COE and network in specific field covered by univ.

15 national universities

THE World University Ranking 401–500: Tokyo Medical and Dental U, 601–800: Kyushu Institute of Tech

Priority Support 3

Establishment of COE in competition with the world's top university

16 national universities

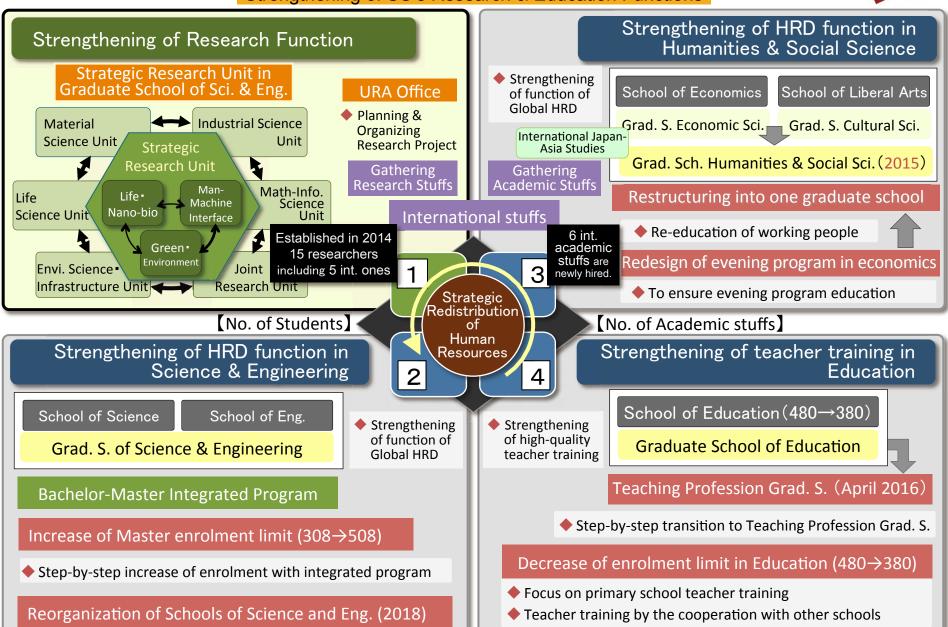
THE World University Ranking 43: U of Tokyo, 88: Kyoto U, 201–250: Tohoku U, Tokyo Institute of Tech 251–300: Osaka U, 300–350: Nagoya U, 401–500: Hokkaido U, Tsukuba U, Kyushu U,

501–600: Tokyo U of Agri and Tech, Kanazawa U, Hiroshima U, 601–800: Chiba U, Kobe U, Okayama U



Direction of Functional Enhancement: COE in Specific Fields of Studies

Strengthening of SU's Research & Education Functions





Direction of Functional Enhancement: Regional R/D & Education Center

Self-Branding

Saitama University, All in One Campus at Capital Sphere, Saitama

- Embodiment of Diversity, Synergy and Integration -
- Liberal arts, economics, education, science and engineering in one campus
- Japanese students, overseas students and adult students in one campus
- Various regions and regional problems because of Saitama
- Many overseas and adult students gathered in SU because of the capital sphere, Saitama

SU aggressively takes a role of regional R/D & Education center to activate the capital sphere around Saitama by the industry-university-government collaboration and by the regional communication.

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Strategy 1: RD and education in integrated sciences for innovation and regional activation		Action 1: Establ	ishment of Gradua	te School of Integr	rated Technology 8	Service
	Action 2: Doctor	al expert in tech.	·			
	Action 3: Establi	shment of Frontier	Industry Internatio	nal Laboratory		
Strategy 2: HRD and teacher training based on regional needs	Action 4: Establi	shment of Career (Center SU			
	Action 5: Establishment of Teaching Profession Graduate School and its enhancement					
	Action 6: Advancement of teacher training					
Strategy 3: Establishment of COE in specific fields of studies	Action 7: Promo	tion of internationa	l joint researches i	n Strategic Resear	ch Units, Grad. S.	of Sci. & Eng.
	Action 8: Enhancement of Graduate School of Science & Engineering					
	Action 9: Lab-to	-Lab Program in	Sci. & Eng.			
		Action 10: Enhan	cement of global h	uman resource de	velopment at SU	



THE World University Rankings among 18,000 Univs.

Saitama University Japan						
japan						
601- World University Rankings ✓						
800 ²⁰¹⁶ ▼						
Overall	?	Data withheld by THE				
Teaching	?	18.6				
International Outlook	?	20.6				
Industry Income	?	29.6				
Research	?	9.6				
Citations	1	23.4				

	Academic staff in Science and
	Engineering is about 50%.

•	Quality of research paper is
	relatively high.

Area	Performance indicator	Weight (%)		
	Reputation survey	15	30	
	Staff-to-student ratio	4.5		
Teaching	Doctorate-to-bachelor's ratio	2.25		
	Doctorates awarded-to- academic staff ratio	6.0		
	Institutional income	2.25		
	International-to-domestic- student ratio	2.5		
International Outlook	International-to-domestic- staff ratio	2.5	7.5	
	International collaboration	2.5		
Industry Income	Knowledge transfer	2.5	2.5	
	Reputation survey	18		
Research	Research income	6.0	30	
	Research productivity	6.0		
Citations	Research influence	30	30	



New Scheme of Cooperation in HE at Saitama Univ.



2014- : Lab-to-Lab Program for Graduate Students in Science & Engineering

• A research-oriented student exchange program based on Lab-to-Lab or Prof-to-Prof relation with partner universities.

Strategy Building Ability

Lab-Based Student Exchange

Global Adaptableness

Overview of Peripheral Areas

• On-Campus Across-Labs Project

International Cooperation

- Lab-to-Lab Outbound Scheme
- Lab-to-Lab Inbound Scheme

Learn from Pioneers

Strategy Understanding

Analysis of Research Strategy

Multidirectional Commitment among Government, Industry and University

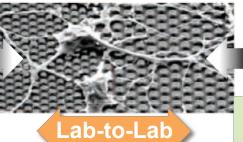
- Joint Project to study the process from extraction to resolution of problem with counterpart professor
- Understanding of diversity



Physical Chemistry

Prof. S. Nakabayashi and his **Lab** students

Saitama University, Japan



Biophysics

Prof. I. Ortega-Blake and his **Lab** students

National Autonomous Univ. of Mexico



Issue No.2

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How do we define "innovation" and "societal impact" in the context of engineering science?

Science and Technology Policies in Japan

- The 5th Science and Technology Basic Plan
 Realizing a world-leading "super smart society" (Society 5.0)
- Japan Revitalization Strategy 2016

For the 4th Industrial Revolution

The most important key is innovation.

What is innovation?

Innovation is not mere technology renovation nor a spark of genius, but overall new concept to spread in human society. Paradigm Shift

Innovation in Earthquake Engineering

New Technology of Seismic Isolation and Control

New Concept of Resilient Society

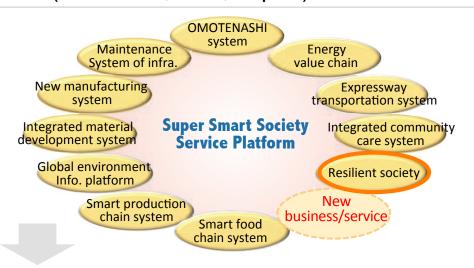


Science and Technology Policies in Japan

• The 5th Science and Technology Basic Plan (Jan. 2016, CITI, Japan)

Realizing a world-leading "super smart society" (Society 5.0)

where the various needs of society are finely differentiated and met by providing the necessary products and services in the required amounts to the people who need them when they need them, and in which all the people can receive high-quality services and live a comfortable, vigorous life.



Japan Revitalization Strategy 2016 - for the 4th Industrial Revolution – (June 2016)

The 4th industrial revolution

which creates new businesses that resolve social issues and arouse consumers' potential needs by using the technological breakthrough of IoT (Internet of Things), Big Data, Artificial Intelligence and robot sensor.

In promoting the 4th industrial revolution, we will coordinate with the consideration of the basic policy of the Society 5.0 strategy.

The most important key is innovation.





Innovation in Earthquake Engineering



The Great Hanshin/Awaji Earthquake (Kobe Quake M7.3) Jan. 17, 1995

- World's pre-eminent antiseismic techniques → Disillusionment with Japanese seismic engineering
- The honest explanation of bridge engineers: "The earthquake far exceeded what was assumed in the design."
- → Improvement of design standard and introduction of seismic isolation & control





Science & Technology Innovation

The Great East Japan Earthquake (Tohoku Quake M9.0) Mar. 11, 2011

- No severe damage of bridges by direct quake action ← Experience and lesson of Kobe Quake
- The disaster and accident due to the **tsunami** were far beyond imagination!
- → Introduction of new concept of Resilient Society

Creation of resilient society is to create a disaster-resistant and flexible community.

The hardware measures for disaster prevention which only prepare for a disaster as "pre-risk" based on the past way of thinking for natural disaster, are powerless when the "outside assumption" happens.

A new way of thinking is to create the society, which is resilient to natural disaster, by adding "on-risk" at the time of disaster and "post-risk" after disaster to "pre-risk" before disaster.

Innovation by integration of Science & Technology and Humanities & Social Science

Looking back on the history, human beings have always learned from tragic disasters and moved forward.

The 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake →?

All in One Campus at Capital Sphere. Saitama: Diversity & Synergy



which aims at research, education, and international contributions in the areas of disaster prevention, environment, and infrastructures for constructing truly resilient society.

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What kind of training and education do today's graduates in the engineering sciences require to act successfully as technically expert and interculturally sensitive citizens of the world?

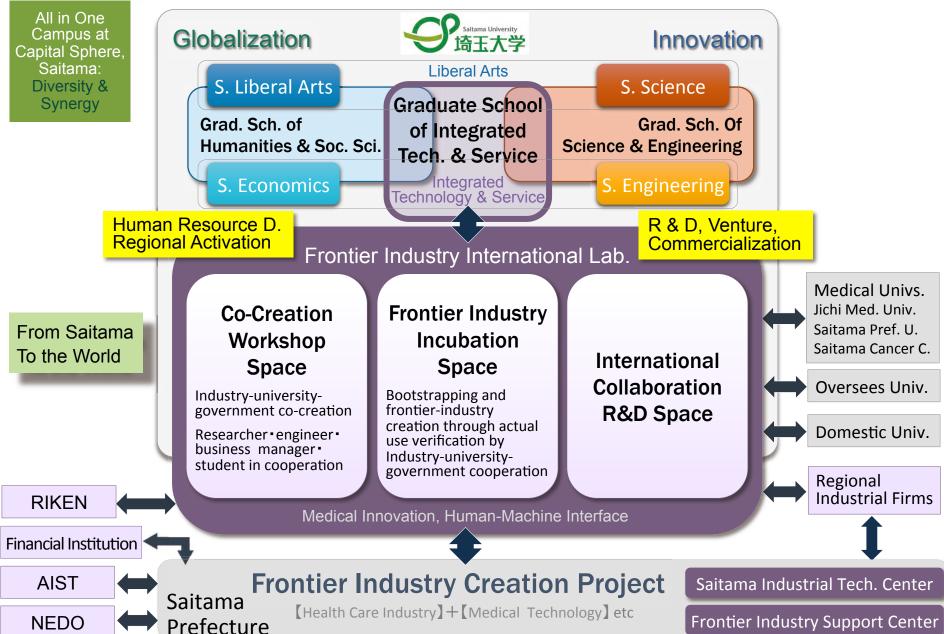
Innovation is not a spark of genius. An ability to take the initiative in solving problems with a diversity of people is a key factor for innovation.

In the Case of Saitama University

- Frontier Industry International Lab. & New Graduate School Globalization, Innovation
 Liberal Arts, Technology and Service
 Integration of Arts and Sciences
- Frontier Industry Creation Project by Saitama Prefecture Project Based Learning Industry-University-Government Collaboration

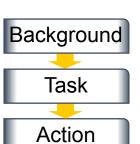


Frontier Industry Int. Lab. (2016) & New Graduate School (2018)





Frontier Industry Creation Project by Saitama Prefecture (2014 \sim)



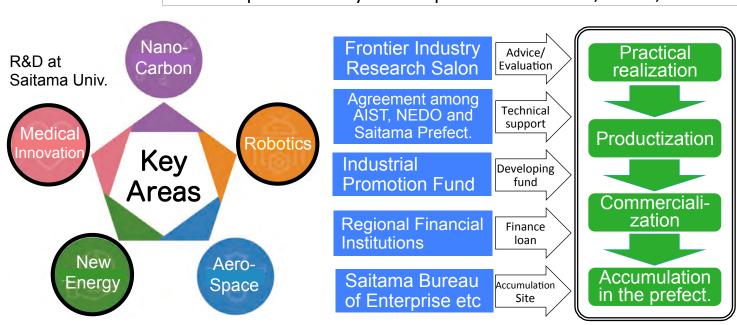
Year 2025 problem The baby-boom generation becomes elderly aged 75 or over. \Rightarrow Explosive increase in medical demand and drastic decrease in productive age population \Rightarrow Shrinkage of workforce and economic recession

To increase regional 'earning power'

Promotion of the Project to plant a seed of next-generation industry and to cultivate it

Frontier Industry Creation Project is promoted to strongly support practical realization, productization, commercialization and industrialization, by integrating advanced study seeds of university/research organization and superior technologies of industrial firm.

It aims to bring up pioneering industries in 5 key areas and to accumulate them in Saitama prefecture by the cooperation with AIST, NEDO, and financial institutions.





Frontier Industry Research Salon on 23 May 2015





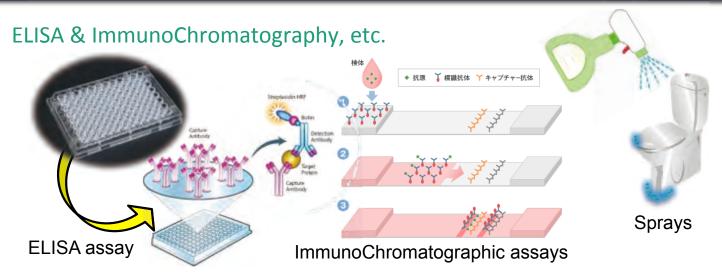


Development of Detectable Drugs and Diagnostics Drugs

Medical Innovation

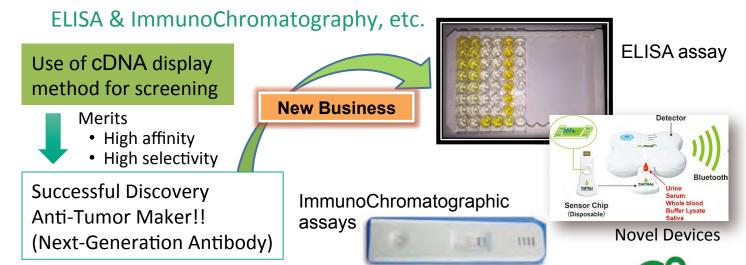
Project 1: Quick detection for Toxins and Infectious Viruses on the basis of Next Generation Antibodies

Vero toxin, Influenza viruses, Noro Viruses, Dengue Viruses, etc.



Project 2: Quick diagnostics for Cancer (Tumor) Makerson the basis of Next Generation Antibodies

Survivin, Other known tumor makers, etc.







Development of Rehabilitation Robots with Visualization Techniques

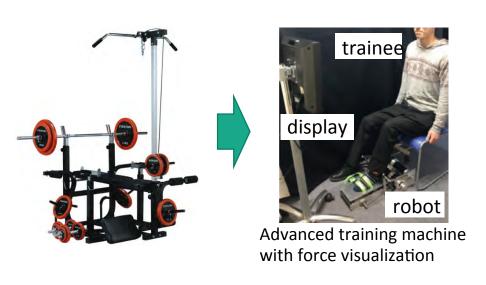


What is the merit of introducing robot to rehabilitation when robots are bulky, expensive? Additionally, it is less-skilled than therapists.

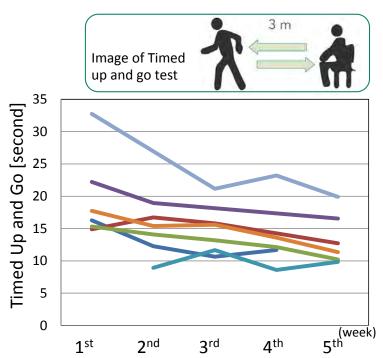
- •Robot can measure accurately and automatically with the equipped sensors.
- Augmented reality is also good solution for enhancing rehabilitation.

Proposal in this project

Effective training based on visualization of force information



6 out of 7 participants had much shorter time after 1 month training. This is a possible beneficial effect of improvement in ambulatory function







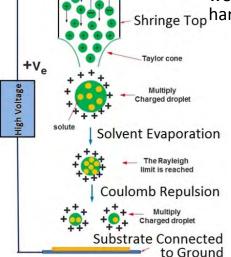
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Solution-Processed Flexible/3D Curved Surface Organic Thin Film Solar Cells

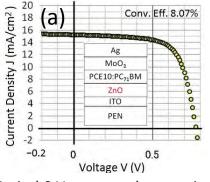
New Energy

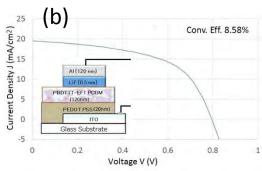
Organic Thin Film Solar Cells by Electro Spray Deposition (ESD) method provide light weight, flexible / 3D curved surface and versatile applicability for mobile and energy-harvesting fields

Shringe Top harvesting fields.









An example of flexible organic solar cell fabricated on a PEN substrate.

Typical C-V curves and conversion efficiencies of fabricated organic solar cells: (a) An inverse-type cell on a flexible PEN by spin-coating, 8.1%, and (b) A conventional-type cell on a glass by the ESD, 8.6%.

Principle of ESD method.

(a)

Light Weight, Thin and Flexible!
Combination to Energy-Harvesting Applications!
Diverse Design Capability!





We aim at cost-effective organic solar cell technology based on solution-processed approach in cooperation among industry, prefectural government and academia.







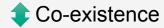


Concluding Remarks

In the case of Saitama University,

For true mission as an intellectual institution

→ Global Center of Research & Education



For innovation and societal impact

→ Regional Center for Frontier Industry Creation
 & Human Resource Development

Important keywords:

International Cooperation
Industry-University-Government Collaboration
Technology and Service
Integration of Arts and Sciences



Diversity, Synergy and Integration



